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ACCOMACK COUNTY WETLANDS MINUTES OF SEPTEMBER 28, 2023

At a meeting of the Accomack County Wetlands Board held on the 28th day of SEPTEMBER 2023 in the Accomack County Administration Building Board Chambers, Room #104, in Accomac, Virginia.

1. CALL TO ORDER

MEMBERS PRESENT AND ABSENT

Wetland Board Members Present

Mr. T. Lee Byrd, Chairman

Mr. George Ward, Vice Chairman

Mr. Gene Wayne Taylor

Mr. Timothy Getek

Mr. David Montgomery, Alternate

Others Present:

Ms. Chontese Ridley, Planner I

Ms. Beth Nunnally, Environmental Planner II

Ms. Claire Gorman, Virginia Marine Resources Commission (VMRC)

Mr. Leander Pambid, Deputy County Administrator for Building, Planning & Economic Development

DETERMINATION OF A QUORUM

There being a quorum, Chairman Byrd called the meeting to order at 10:00 a.m.

2. ADOPTION OF AGENDA

Mr. Getek made the note that the two JPAs under "New Business" would be presented as one.

On a motion made by Mr. Taylor and seconded by Mr. Ward, the Wetlands Board voted to approve the agenda.

3. MINUTES

A. August 24, 2023

Mr. Getek said that there were a couple typos and that he gave that information to Ms. Ridley for correction.

On a motion made by Mr. Getek and seconded by Mr. Montgomery, the Wetlands Board voted to approve the August 24, 2023 minutes with modifications.

4. NEW BUSINESS

1. Michael Pulaski- VMRC# 2023- 1659 & 1660

Proposed construction of a 90 square feet long offshore breakwater, installation of 80 square feet of new rip-rap berm and 110 square feet of offshore breakwater located in the Captain's Cove subdivision of Greenbackville, VA 23356, tax map#(s) 5A3-1-1458 & 1459.

Ms. Nunnally, (Environmental Programs), stood before the Wetlands Board and was sworn in by Chairman Byrd.

Ms. Nunnally gave a summary of both projects stating that they were located in Captain's Cove, and that she would be starting with the adjacent property, (the vacant lot).

Ms. Nunnally said a riprap breakwater that was 12 feet wide and 90 feet long and a berm in the uplands was proposed. There was no mitigation, but there was 450 square feet of fill in subaqueous.

Ms. Nunnally said they the proposed berm would tie into the adjacent property on the other side, and as it crossed the property line, it would connect to the breakwater. Ms. Nunnally was not sure how it would terminate.

Mr. Montgomery asked if the berm was in the board's jurisdiction and Ms. Nunnally said no.

Mr. Taylor asked Ms. Nunnally where the low water mark would be. Ms. Nunnally said it was up against the marsh edge. The marsh had eroded over the years so it drops off abruptly about 3 feet.

Ms. Nunnally then began to give a synopsis on the main property were the applicants vacation home was located. The installation of a riprap berm around the foundation of the house was proposed. A riprap breakwater that would connect to the adjacent property was also proposed.

Ms. Nunnally said there was 900 square feet of vegetated impacts along the side of the house so they could have some uplands there. The applicant wanted to fill in the vegetated wetlands and put a shed there.

Ms. Nunnally then gave a general description of the whole project. The proposed riprap berm was to protect the home that was currently on pilings. Mean high water undercuts the home and extends under more than half of the home from her observation. Again, there was 900 square of wetlands to be filled on the northern side of the house, and mitigation would be done on site along the southern property line.

Ms. Nunnally said the planting plan included 900 square feet of spartina patens and would take place next planning season and monitored for three years.

Mr. Taylor asked if the 60x16 was in VMRC's jurisdiction. Ms. Nunnally said that was correct. The mitigation was in subaqueous, but the actual impact was in the board's jurisdiction.

Ms. Nunnally said VIMS and Mr. Vanlandingham had both went to the site and looked it over, but she had not yet received the report from their observations.

Mr. Charles Ward, (Starboard Environmental), appeared before the Wetlands Board on behalf of the applicant and was sworn in by Chairman Byrd.

Mr. C. Ward said this was a big project and that he had asked for guidance on it. Mr. C. Ward thanked the board, county staff, VMRC, VIMS and all who had been involved.

Mr. C. Ward said they were trying to roll the clock back fifteen years before the off shore breakwater was removed. That breakwater protected the properties from the 7-8 mile fetch runs the way to the Chincoteague inlet and under the bridge.

Mr. C. Ward said they were trying to recreate what was there. Mr. Pulaski did not own the property when the breakwater was removed, but was sure he would have fought and prevented it from happening if he had.

Mr. C. Ward said when waves hits Mr. Pulaski's home it was not hitting a bulkhead. The waves were hitting the pilings of his house.

Mr. C. Ward said Mr. Pulaski was not only trying to correct that problem, but to recreate the natural wetlands that existed there that had been lost at over 5 feet per year. The two properties had lost over 50 square feet of vegetated marsh.

Mr. C. Ward said they were there regarding the filling of wetlands within the board's jurisdiction. Before the breakwater was removed, no wetlands were there. It was uplands vegetation between the houses, because there was no saltwater impact. The marsh was further out and absorbed it, but over the last fifteen years, as the marsh was cut back, saltwater intrusion led to the growth of saltwater tolerant species.

Mr. C. Ward said Mr. Pulaski was proposing to fill the area next to the house because there is no space around his home. They were hoping to generate enough space for the applicant to have an outdoor shed and to make use of the property north of his home.

Mr. C. Ward said the maximum width of the berm would be 12 feet.

Mr. Byrd asked Mr. C. Ward to explain the termination of the breakwater to the pier.

Mr. Ward said the breakwater as it existed ended at about where the pier was now. The plan was if the breakwater ended there, they have eliminated the wave action. The breakwater would stop as close to under or at the pier as they could get it.

Mr. Glen Pulaski, (applicant), appeared before the Wetlands Board and was sworn in by Chairman Byrd.

Mr. Pulaski said he and his wife purchased the property 2 ½ years ago and it was not intended to be a vacation home. They were supposed to be retiring there, but they cannot.

Mr. Pulaski said his vacant lot was steady losing land and was encroaching up to where they park their cars. They have electrical structures/boxes and the water was coming up and on to them.

Mr. Pulaski said he was not there to build house, but to protect his house and to restore what had been taken away in the last ten years.

CHAIRMAN BYRD OPENED THE FLOOR TO PUBLIC COMMENT

Mr. Byrd asked if there was anyone who wished to comment on application 2023- 1659 & 1660.

No one wished to comment.

CHAIRMAN BYRD CLOSED THE FLOOR TO PUBLIC COMMENT

Mr. Getek said Mr. C. Ward mentioned there were 2-3 feet waves hitting the house, but it was more like 5-6 feet waves during a major storm.

 Mr. Getek said there was a breakwater there. Gabions were put out there to help with the fetch and the energy of the waves. For some reason they, (Captain's Cove), removed them. At the time, Mr. Getek said he was told that the County said to remove them.

Mr. Getek said he called the County and the County said they could remove them, but did not have to. There was a misinterpretation of what was said.

Mr. Getek said he had some questions for Ms. Gorman.

Ms. Claire Gorman, (VMRC), appeared before the Wetlands Board and was sworn in by Chairman Byrd.

Mr. Getek said the concept of subaqueous grasses seem great, but that was VMRC's jurisdiction.

Mr. Getek said he did not know if they, (Wetlands Board), were permitted to allow something like that to happen. That would be out of their jurisdiction.

Ms. Gorman said anything below mean low water, even if it did involve the conversion of subaqueous bottom to vegetated wetlands, would be VMRC's jurisdiction.

Mr. Getek asked if that was doable.

Ms. Gorman said if executed correctly they do permit that type of conversion.

Ms. Gorman said the board would essentially be giving approval for the riprap revetment around the house, but VMRC would do their own separate review for the proposed conversion.

Ms. Gorman added that VMRC's approval would be contingent on the board's approval of the other portions of the project.

Mr. Taylor asked, to confirm, they would be taking wetlands that were subaqueous, (that were not highlands), to use for mitigation.

Ms. Gorman said this was a complicated project because the fill, (the proposed loss), was in the Wetlands Board's jurisdiction, but the proposed mitigation was in VMRC's jurisdiction.

Ms. Gorman said it was the board's discretion whether or not it was appropriate to have vegetated wetlands filled with mitigation outside of their jurisdiction.

Ms. Gorman said if that portion of the project did not get approved by VMRC, not saying that would happen, then the board would be left with at a net loss for wetlands.

Mr. Taylor said they had never used VMRC's property for mitigation. Mr. Getek that they would be operating out of their jurisdiction.

Mr. Getek asked if they needed to have further investigation, if the numbers they were dealing with were correct, and if Ms. Gorman was comfortable with the numbers.

Ms. Gorman said they did go on site and take measurements, but to be perfectly honest, she had not had time to review the most recent revisions. Ms. Gorman added that the numbers she seen were consistent with what they had seen on site.

Ms. Gorman said as far as the wetlands mitigation policy went the preferred approach was avoidance, minimization and then compensation.

Mr. Getek asked Ms. Gorman if she would prefer to have more time to investigate this more thoroughly.

Ms. Gorman said she would be doing her own review, but they did get comments from SEAS, (Shoreline Erosion Advisory Service through DCR), and VIMS that had not been incorporated into the file yet.

Ms. Gorman said that if this was one of her wetlands projects, and VMRC was the default board, she would wait until she had those comments.

Mr. Montgomery mentioned the letter of support that was submitted by a neighbor and asked where they were located on the map.

Mr. C. Ward said they were located to the north of the property.

Mr. C. Ward said he wanted to clarify somethings. When talking about subaqueous, it was subaqueous bottom and not subaqueous vegetation. There was no grass there due to the wave action ripping it out.

Mr. C. Ward said they will filling subaqueous bottom, there was no SAV there and it was not identified as an SAV area.

Mr. C. Ward said if they were able to recreate the marsh it would become the board's jurisdiction again.

Mr. Taylor asked Ms. Gorman, to confirm, that VMRC allows the use of their property for mitigation of wetlands.

Ms. Gorman said that was on a case-by-case basis and referred back to the preferred approaches for wetlands mitigation. If there were no other alternatives, and the Board and VMRC agrees that is an appropriate use of wetlands and mitigation location, then yes, they have done that.

Ms. Nunnally suggested a one-month continuance.

Mr. C. Ward added that even if the board decided not to allow the filling of the wetlands Mr. Pulaski was still going to ask VMRC for permission to plant marsh grasses.

On a motion made by Mr. Getek and seconded by Mr. Taylor, the Wetlands Board voted on a continuance until the October 26, 2023 meeting for Michael Pulaski- VMRC# 2023-1659 & 1660, for the proposed construction of a 90 square feet long offshore breakwater, installation of 80 square feet of new rip-rap berm and 110 square feet of offshore breakwater on the following basis:

	1. Receiving documents from SEAS and VIMS have been received and reviewed.
	The properties are located in the Captain's Cove subdivision of Greenbackville, VA 233
	tax map#(s) 5A3-1-1458 & 1459.
6.	OTHER BUSINESS
	A. New Calendar
	Discussion on the implementation of a new calendar
	Ms. Ridley, (Planner I), appeared before the Wetlands Board and was sworn in by Chairman Byrd.
	Ms. Ridley informed the board that they were going to doing something new. There are man times where people are not paying for the review or their advertisement.
	Ms. Ridley said currently, whether an invoice had been paid or not, staff was still allowing to come before the board.
	Ms. Ridley said in some cases, (not all), if an applicant is denied by VMRC or they decide n the project the applicant does not pay the County at all. The application has been reviewed, advertised, and the board has heard it, but the County is held liable for those fees.
	Ms. Ridley stated that Northampton County and many counties across the bay do not allow anyone to be heard before their board until the advertisement and the application fees have b paid.
	Ms. Ridley said the meeting dates would not change, but there was the addition of "Applicat & Fee Due Date."
	Ms. Ridley said the 2024 calendar would be given to the board at the October meeting. It we then be sent out to contractors, agents, and added to the County's website.
7.	NEXT MEETING The next Wetlands Board meeting is scheduled for Thursday, September 28, 2023 at 10:00 a.m. in the Accomack County Board Chambers, Room 104, in Accomac, VA.
8.	ADJOURNMENT
	On a motion made by Mr. Ward and seconded by Mr. Taylor, the Wetlands Board voted tadjourn the meeting.